



## **InsulSmart Interior Foam Insulation®—Specification Guide—AIA Short Form**

### **Section 07210: Building Insulation (Foamed-in-Place Insulation)**

#### **Part 1—General**

##### Description of Work:

- A. Applications for foam insulation specified in this section include:
  - 1. Foam-in-place insulation in stud-cavity walls to improve thermal resistance of wall section.
  - 2. Foam-in-place acoustical insulation in exterior stud-cavity walls and cathedral ceiling applications.

##### Quality Assurance:

- A. Foam insulation is to be installed by or under the supervision of an InsulSmart Interior Foam Insulation-trained installer.
- B. Products are supplied by manufacturer as concentrates and are to be blended by installer to insure product reactivity and consistency.
- C. Product is also available in a factory-mixed version supplied by the manufacturer.

#### **Part 2—Products**

##### Manufacturer:

cfiFOAM, Inc.  
P. O. Box 10393  
Knoxville, TN 37939  
800.656.3626

##### Typical Product Performance Standards:

- A. ASTM E-84 Surface Burning Characteristics:
  - a. Flame Spread:  $\leq 25$
  - b. Smoke Generated:  $< 450$
  - c. Thickness: 3½" (maximum thickness allowed by test apparatus)
  - d. Tests performed by an independent, accredited laboratory located within the USA.
- B. Thermal Conductivity:
  - a. k-value 0.22 BTU/(hr ft<sup>2</sup> °F in) @ 75°F
  - b. k-value 0.20 BTU/(hr ft<sup>2</sup> °F in) @ 25°F
- C. Thermal Resistance:
  - a. R-value = 4.6 per inch @ 75°F
  - b. R-value = 5.1 per inch @ 25°F

### Part 3 – Execution

#### Installation Guidelines:

- A. All open cavities within each wall to be insulated shall be filled with foam insulation as shown on the drawings.
- B. InsulSmart Interior Foam Insulation<sup>®</sup> shall be either mixed by an authorized installer prior to each job or the factory-mixed version shall be supplied by the manufacturer.
- C. Wall cavities can be filled with foam after gypsum wallboard is installed using either of three (3) methods:
  1. Top-Fill Method: The installer inserts and extended whip hose through a 2-inch minimum diameter hole drilled in the top plate, extending the hose to begin installing foam from the bottom of the cavity, gradually withdrawing the hose as the foam fills the cavity.
  2. Side-Fill Method: Drill 5/8-inch to 7/8-inch holes in each horizontal taped joint before injecting foam into the cavity through the hole in 4-foot lifts until it completely fills each cavity as evidenced by foam exiting a small vent hole at the top.
  3. Side-Fill Method (Alternate): Drill a 2-inch diameter hole in the center of the stud cavity, insert a whip hose and fill the lower half of the cavity before repositioning the whip hose to similarly fill the upper portion of the cavity.
- D. Fabric Supported Method: Wall cavities can be filled with foam before gypsum wallboard is installed if first either open-mesh (1/4" max.) or non-woven construction fabric similar to Iso-Mesh<sup>®</sup> is stretched tightly and stapled approximately 1" o/c to the framing faces to contain and support the foam during application. The authorized installer then slits a 1" hole through the fabric and injects the foam to fill the cavity through the hole similar to 3.d) Side-Fill Method (Alternate). Excess foam exiting through the fabric is easily swept from the insulated surfaces with a broom for disposal. Benefits:
  1. Enables visual confirmation of foam placement during application.
  2. The foam is biodegradable; thus, may be disposed on-site by mixing with soil used as a turf substrate or landscaping.
  3. Facilitates curing prior before installing gypsum wallboard.
- E. Product should be protected from excess moisture during initial 24 hour curing period after installation. A 72-hour curing period is recommended prior to painting; however, in each case the coatings contractor should test the walls to confirm the gypsum wallboard's surface is suitable for painting before beginning paint application.

**END OF SECTION 07210**